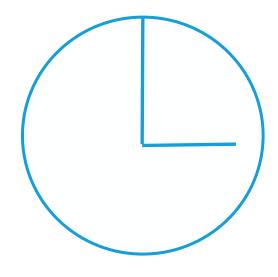
WELCOME



This session will start at 3:00 PM CET



Workstream

Measuring progress: GCM indicators

M Z	To facilitate a structured discussion, please note that all participants, with the exception of panellists, are automatically muted.
	If you wish to speak from the floor, please click on the "raise hand" button.
	Once approved by the moderator, you are able to unmute yourself and turn on your video by clicking on the microphone and camera buttons (bottom left of the screen).
Ŷ	If you face any technical difficulty, please reach out directly to the technical support operator in the chat.





Measuring progress: GCM indicators

UN DESA IOM GMDAC

GCM Talk on indicators in the Latin America and Caribbean region

27 July 2023 Online



Paragraph 70 of the International Migration Review Forum Progress Declaration

Member States 'request the Secretary-General, in his next biennial report, to propose, for the consideration of Member States, a limited set of indicators, drawing on the global indicator framework for the Sustainable Development Goals and targets of the 2030 Agenda as contained in General Assembly resolution 71/313 of 6 July 2017 and other relevant frameworks, to assist Member States, upon their request, in conducting inclusive reviews of progress related to the implementation of the Global Compact, as well as to include a comprehensive strategy for improving disaggregated migration data at the local, national, regional and global levels.'





Deliverables

2023

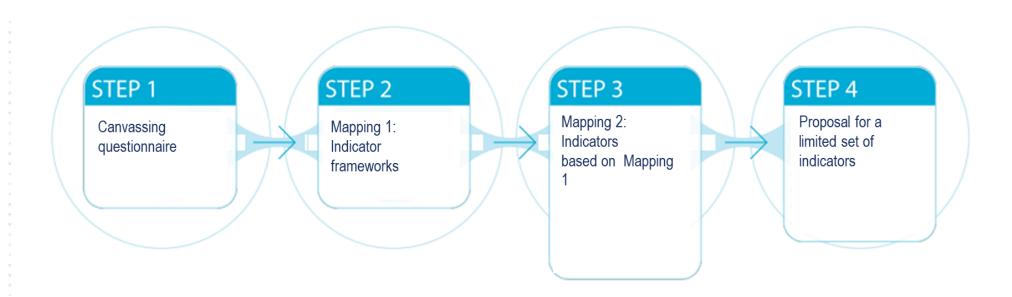
- 1. Conduct a **mapping** of relevant approaches to measuring the governance of migration in general and with a specific focus on the Global Compact for Safe, Orderly and Regular Migration
- 2. Develop a **discussion note with a proposal** for a limited set of indicators, building on existing indicators and data collection processes, including SDG indicators and the work of the UN Expert Group on Migration Statistics
- 3. Conduct **consultations** with Member States and a wide range of relevant stakeholders on the limited set of indicators

2024

- 1. Develop a **comprehensive strategy** for improving disaggregated migration data
- Conduct a technical consultation on the draft comprehensive strategy for improving disaggregated migration data



Overview of the process for identifying the preliminary proposal of the limited set of indicators







Progress on deliverable 1:

Canvassing questionnaire

- 99 total responses of which 33 by Government entities from all regions
- Respondents agreed that the limited set of indicators should:
 - Be used to monitor progress **over time** (94%)
 - Incorporate the **Guiding principles** of the GCM (91%)
 - Be used to inform evidence-based policy making (90%)
 - Have an agreed methodology (89%)
 - Highlight gaps in the implementation of the GCM (88%)

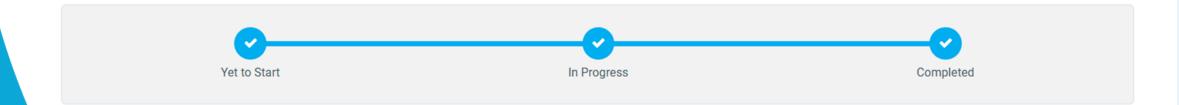




Progress on deliverable 1:

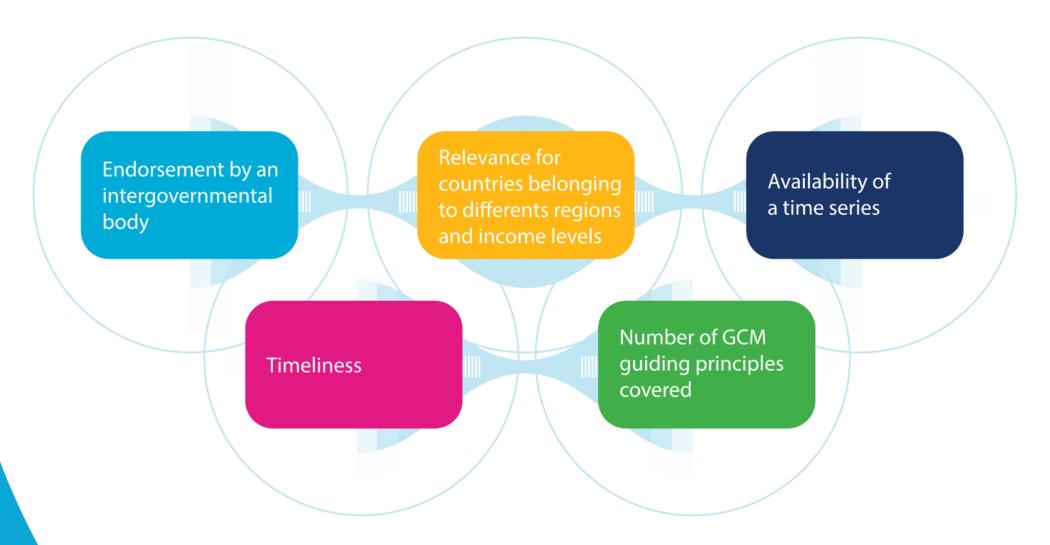
Mapping 1: Indicator Frameworks

- 31 indicator frameworks considered
- Of these, 16 were developed by academic or research institutions, 3 by civil society and the remaining 12 by international organizations or processes facilitated by international organizations
- Compared based on 5 criteria





Mapping 1 – Comparison criteria





Mapping 1 results: Frameworks included in Mapping 2

Two frameworks meeting all five criteria:

- > SDG Indicator Framework
- ➤ UN Expert Group on Migration Statistics (EGMIS) Indicators

Five indicator frameworks meeting **four criteria**:

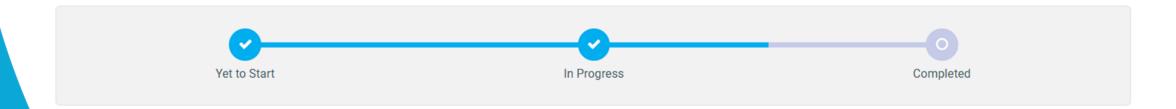
- Commitment to development Index: Migration
- Every Immigrant Is an Emigrant: How Migration Policies Shape the Paths to Integration (IMISEM)
- Global Compact on Refugees Indicator Framework
- International Data Alliance for Children on the Move (IDAC) Guidelines on Indicators for Children on the Move
- Migration Governance Indicators (MGI)



Progress on deliverable 1:

Mapping 2: Indicators

- Nearly 400 indicator from indicator frameworks selected from Mapping 1 reviewed
- Compared based on 9 criteria
- Members of the workstream were able to propose a limited number new to those selected from Mapping 1
- The report is nearly finalized.





Mapping 2: Indicators – Comparison criteria

Endorsement by an intergovernmental body Coverage of more than one objectives of the GCM

Coverage of more than one principle of the GCM

Having an agreed methodology

Being included in more than one indicator framework

Data availability by country

Data availability by region

Availability of a time series

Timeliness



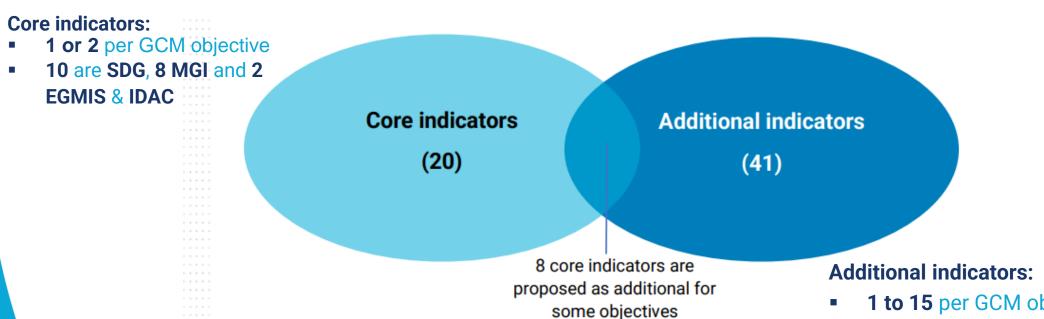
Progress on deliverable 2: Preliminary proposal of a limited set of indicators

- 20 core indicators chosen for their relevance to GCM objectives and for fulfilling many criteria in Mapping 2
- 41 additional indicators
- Extensive consultations with members of the workstream to develop the proposal





Core and additional indicators in the preliminary proposal

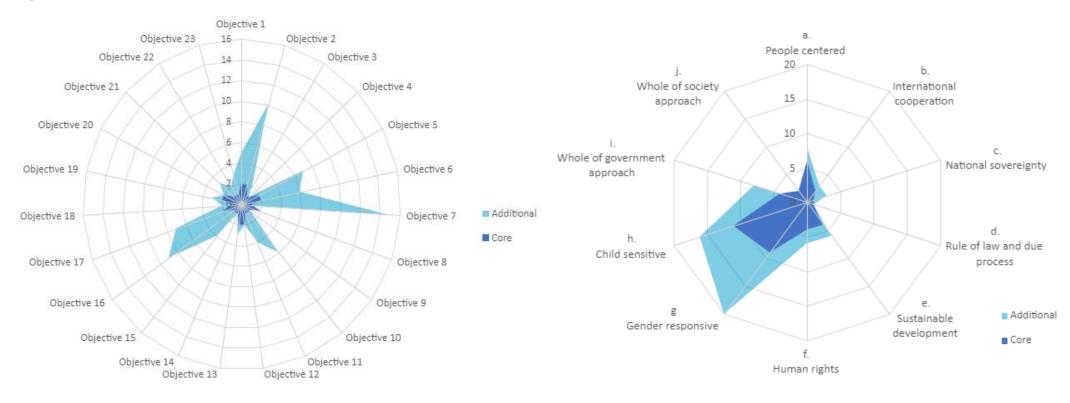


- 1 to 15 per GCM objective
- Many are multipurpose
- Only 1 does not have an agreed methodology





Number of core and additional indicators by GCM objective and guiding principle





Progress on deliverable 3:

Consultations with Member States and stakeholders

- 5 regional consultations (Africa, Arab region, Asia and Pacific, Europe and North America, Latin America and the Caribbean)
- 3 global consultations for Member States and/or stakeholders (late 2023)





Next steps

August

1 survey for Member States and stakeholders to gather their views on the preliminary proposal

September/ November

- Revised proposal of the limited set of indicators (2nd)
- 3 global consultations for Member States and stakeholders in New York, Geneva and online
- Revised proposal of the limited set of indicators (3rd)

Late 2023

- Final revision of the proposal of the limited set of indicators (4th and final)
- Proposal submitted for consideration of the Executive Committee of the UN Migration Network

Presentation of the preliminary indicators and interactive discussions



Guiding questions

- 1. Is the proposed limited set of indicators for the GCM suitable in terms of its relevance, scope, coverage, balance and ability to compare progress over time and across different countries and regions?
- 2. Does the preliminary proposal align well with global frameworks, such as the SDGs, while also reflecting regional migration dynamics?
- 3. Are there any additional specific migration dimensions or sub-regional variations that should be considered in the proposal?



Panel 1











Core indicators

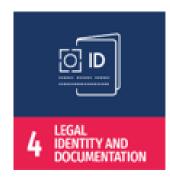




GCM objective	Core Indicators	Framework
2	Unemployment rate, by sex, age and persons with disabilities	SDG 8.5.2
2	Whether or not the national migration strategy addresses migration linked to environmental degradation and the adverse effects of climate change	MGI
5	Whether or not the Government has a national policy or strategy for regular migration pathways, including labour migration	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 2, sub-category 2)
5	Whether or not the Government has measures to foster cooperation among countries and encourage stakeholder inclusion and participation in migration policy	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 3)
6	Level of national compliance with labour rights (freedom of association and collective bargaining) based on ILO textual sources and national legislation, by sex and migrant status	SDG 8.8.2
6	Recruitment cost borne by employee as a proportion of monthly income earned in country of destination	SDG 10.7.1
12	Whether or not the Government has migration information and awareness-raising campaigns	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 6, sub-category 4)
12	Whether or not the country has a clear and transparent set of rules and regulations pertaining to migration (e.g. available to the public, easy to consult, easy to understand)	MGI
18	Whether or not the Government facilitates the recognition of skills and qualifications acquired abroad	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 4, sub-category 3)



Panel 2















Core indicators





GCM objective	Core Indicators	Framework
4	Proportion of children under 5 years of age whose births have been registered with a civil authority, by age	SDG 16.9.1
8	Number of people who died or disappeared in the process of migration towards an international destination	SDG 10.7.3
8	Whether or not the country has systems in place, including formal cooperation agreements/arrangements with other countries, to trace and identify missing migrants within the national territory	MGI
9	Whether or not the Government has formal strategies to address trafficking in persons and migrant smuggling	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 6, sub-category 5)
10	Number of victims of human trafficking per 100,000 population, by sex, age and form of exploitation	SDG 16.2.2
11	Estimated number of persons in detention due to entering the country irregularly in a given year	IDAC, EGMIS
13	Estimated number of persons in detention due to entering the country irregularly in a given year	IDAC, EGMIS
13	Whether or not the country has a policy or strategy to ensure that migrant detention is only used as a measure of last resort, and work towards non-custodial alternatives to detention (ATDs)	MGI
21	Existence of a formal government programme or dedicated policy that focuses on facilitating the reintegration of returning nationals	MGI



Panel 3













Core indicators

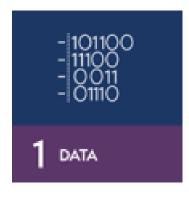




GCM objective	Core Indicators	Framework
14	Whether or not the Government has specific measures to provide assistance to citizens residing abroad in countries in crisis or post-crisis situations	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 5, sub-category 3)
15	Proportion of population living in households with access to basic services	SDG 1.4.1
16	Whether or not the Government has a national policy or strategy to promote the inclusion or integration of immigrants	10.7.2 (Domain 2, subcategory 3)
19	Whether or not the country formally engages members of diaspora and expatriate communities in agenda setting and implementation of development policy	MGI
19	Existence of a dedicated government entity or agency responsible for enacting emigration and diaspora policy (e.g. a "citizens abroad" agency or overseas employment agencies)	MGI
20	Remittance costs as a proportion of the amount remitted	SDG 10.c.1
20	Whether or not the country has programmes to promote financial inclusion of migrants and their families, particularly when they are remittance senders and/or receivers	MGI
22	Whether or not the Government provides non-nationals equal access to social security (regardless of immigration status or only for those with legal immigration status)	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 1, sub-category 4)



Panel 4











Core indicators



GCM objective	Core Indicators	Framework
1	Number/proportion of international migrants in the total resident population	IDAC, EGMIS
1	Whether or not the Government has a mechanism to ensure that migration policy is informed by data, appropriately disaggregated	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 2, sub-category 5)
3	Whether or not the Government has migration information and awareness-raising campaigns	10.7.2 (Domain 6, subcategory 4)
7	Whether or not the Government provides non-nationals equal access to services, welfare benefits and rights (regardless of immigration status or only for those with legal immigration status)	10.7.2 (Domain 1)
17	Proportion of population reporting having personally felt discriminated against or harassed in the previous 12 months on the basis of a ground of discrimination prohibited under international human rights law	SDG 10.3.1 & 16.b.1
17	Whether or not the Government provides non-nationals equal access to services, welfare benefits and rights (regardless of immigration status or only for those with legal immigration status)	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 1)
23	Whether or not the Government has measures to foster cooperation among countries and encourage stakeholder inclusion and participation in migration policy	SDG 10.7.2 (Domain 3)



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